## **Introduced by Senator Beall**

## February 18, 2014

An act to amend Section 14021.6 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, relating to Medi-Cal.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1045, as introduced, Beall. Medi-Cal Drug Treatment Program: group outpatient drug free services.

Existing law provides for the Medi-Cal program, which is administered by the State Department of Health Care Services and under which qualified low-income persons receive health care benefits. The Medi-Cal program is, in part, governed and funded by federal Medicaid provisions.

Existing law also provides for the Medi-Cal Drug Treatment Program (Drug Medi-Cal), under which each county enters into contracts with the State Department of Health Care Services to provide various drug treatment services to Medi-Cal recipients, or the department directly arranges to provide these services if a county elects not to do so. For purposes of Drug Medi-Cal, existing law requires that the maximum allowable rate for group outpatient drug free services be set on a per person basis and requires that a group consist of a minimum of 4, and a maximum of 10, individuals, at least one of which must be a Medi-Cal eligible beneficiary.

This bill would require a group to consist of a minimum of 2 individuals, at least one of which is a Medi-Cal eligible beneficiary.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no. State-mandated local program: no.

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The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 14021.6 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to read:

- 14021.6. (a) For the fiscal years prior to fiscal year 2004–05, and subject to the requirements of federal law, the maximum allowable rates for the Medi-Cal Drug Treatment Program shall be determined by computing the median rate from available cost data by modality from the fiscal year that is two years prior to the year for which the rate is being established.
- (b) (1) For the fiscal year 2007–08, and subsequent fiscal years, and subject to the requirements of federal law, the maximum allowable rates for the Medi-Cal Drug Treatment Program shall be determined by computing the median rate from the most recently completed cost reports, by specific service codes that are consistent with the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 300gg).
- (2) For the fiscal years 2005–06 and 2006–07, if the State Department of Health Care Services and the State Department of Alcohol and Drug Programs determine that reasonably reliable and complete cost report data are available, the methodology specified in this subdivision shall be applied to either or both of those years. If reasonably reliable and complete cost report data are not available, the State Department of Health Care Services and the State Department of Alcohol and Drug Programs shall establish rates for either or both of those years based upon the usual, customary, and reasonable charge for the services to be provided, as these two departments may determine in their discretion. This subdivision is not intended to modify subdivision (k) of Section 11758.46 of the Health and Safety Code, (h) of Section 14124.24 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, that requires certain providers to submit performance reports.
- (c) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), for the 1996–97 fiscal year, the rates for nonperinatal outpatient methadone maintenance services shall be set at the rate established for the 1995–96 fiscal year.
- (d) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), the maximum allowable rate for group outpatient drug free services shall be set on a per person basis. A group shall consist of a minimum of four and a

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maximum of 10 two individuals, at least one of which shall be a Medi-Cal eligible beneficiary.

- (e) The department shall develop individual and group rates for extensive counseling for outpatient drug free treatment, based on a 50-minute individual or a 90-minute group hour, not to exceed the total rate established for subdivision (d).
- (f) The department may adopt regulations as necessary to implement subdivisions (a), (b), and (c), or to implement cost containment procedures. These regulations may be adopted as emergency regulations in accordance with Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code. The adoption of these emergency regulations shall be deemed an emergency necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health and safety, or general welfare.